



SHM Demonstrator at NPL: Two Years of Monitoring Experience and Future Challenges

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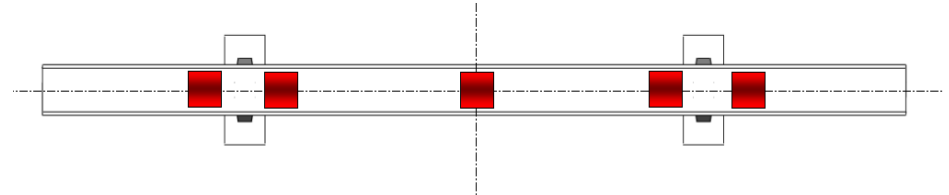
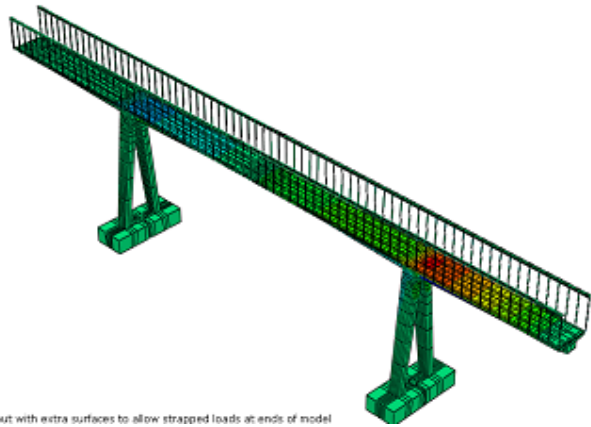
Energy Harvesting Network Workshop
(Structural Monitoring)

Project 2009-2011

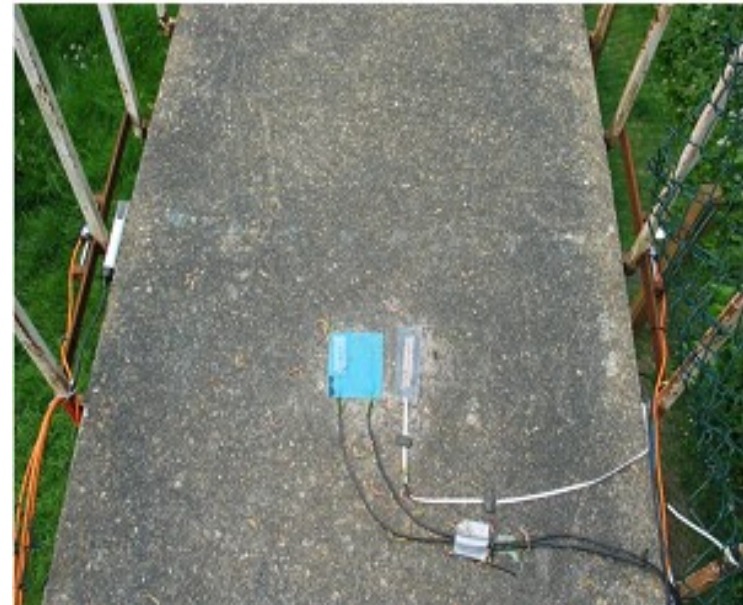
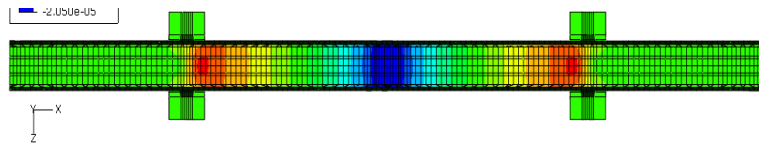
- Full-scale demonstrator - to show benefits of SHM
- Reference specimen - to assess the performance of monitoring techniques throughout the year
- Accelerated testing - to provide information suitable for lifetime prediction
- Advanced mathematical tools for damage detection based on well-documented history of events
- Collaborative project – over 40 partners and contributors



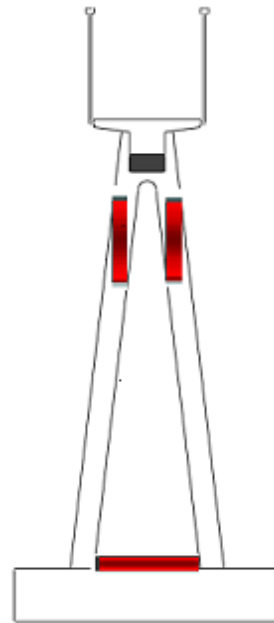
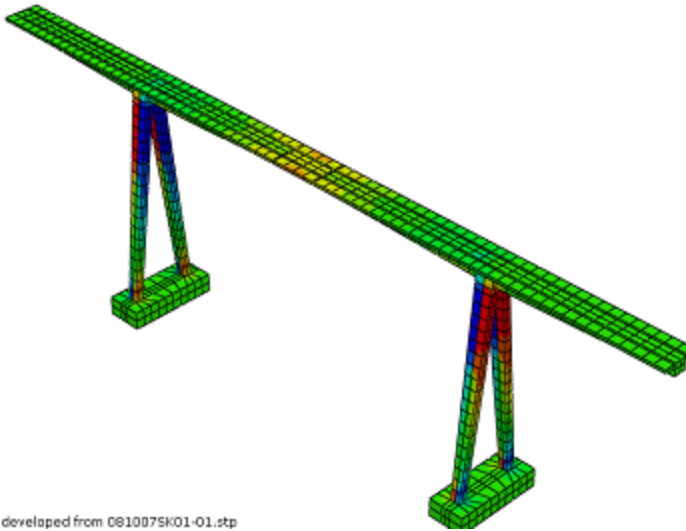
Example of sensing areas: deck



■ Sensing Areas



Example of sensing areas: columns



Monitoring technologies

- Traditional:

Resistance strain gauges

Electrolevel tilt sensors

Vibrating wire sensors

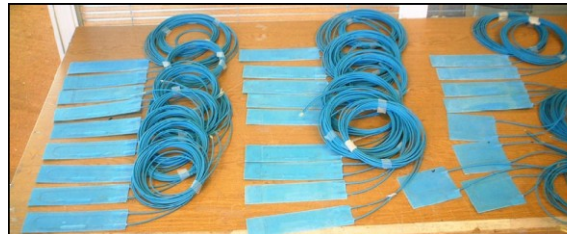
Digital levelling



- Optical fiber Bragg gratings

- Distributed crack sensor

- Acoustic emission sensors

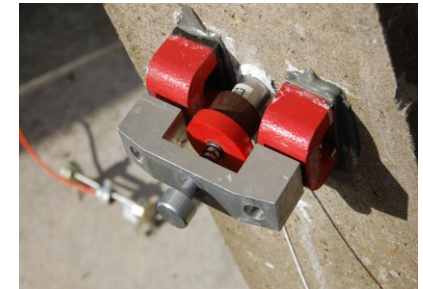


- Image based:

Digital Image Correlation

3D laser scan

Video gauge technique



Summary

- Monitoring 18 different technologies over 180 sensors
5 monitoring acquisition systems
- FEA models of undamaged bridge updated using static and dynamic testing results
- First round of damage/repair cycles is completed



Challenges

- Installation / cabling / access
- Reliable data transmission and data quality
- Interpretation – data to knowledge – smart asset monitoring

Solution

energy-efficient network of mobile and wireless
broadband network technologies

Wireless technologies

- Wireless MEMS: IEEE 802.15.4
- Wireless crack sensors: GSM
- Wireless: 433.875 - 434.650MHz

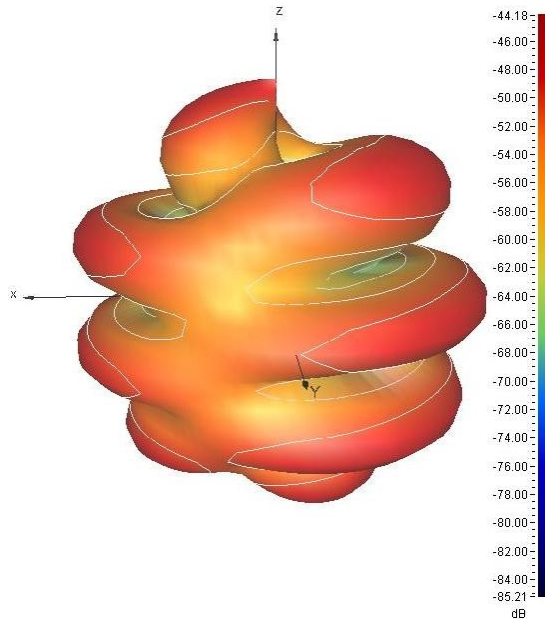
Optimal design is required



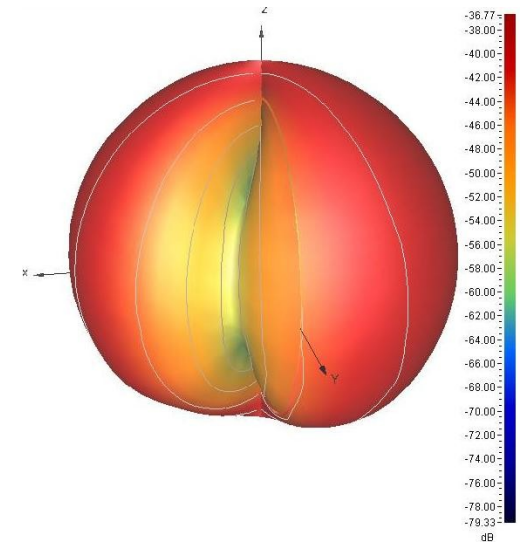
Optimal design: complex system with embedded antennas



Optimal design: complex system (TQEM group)



3D radiation pattern using cable

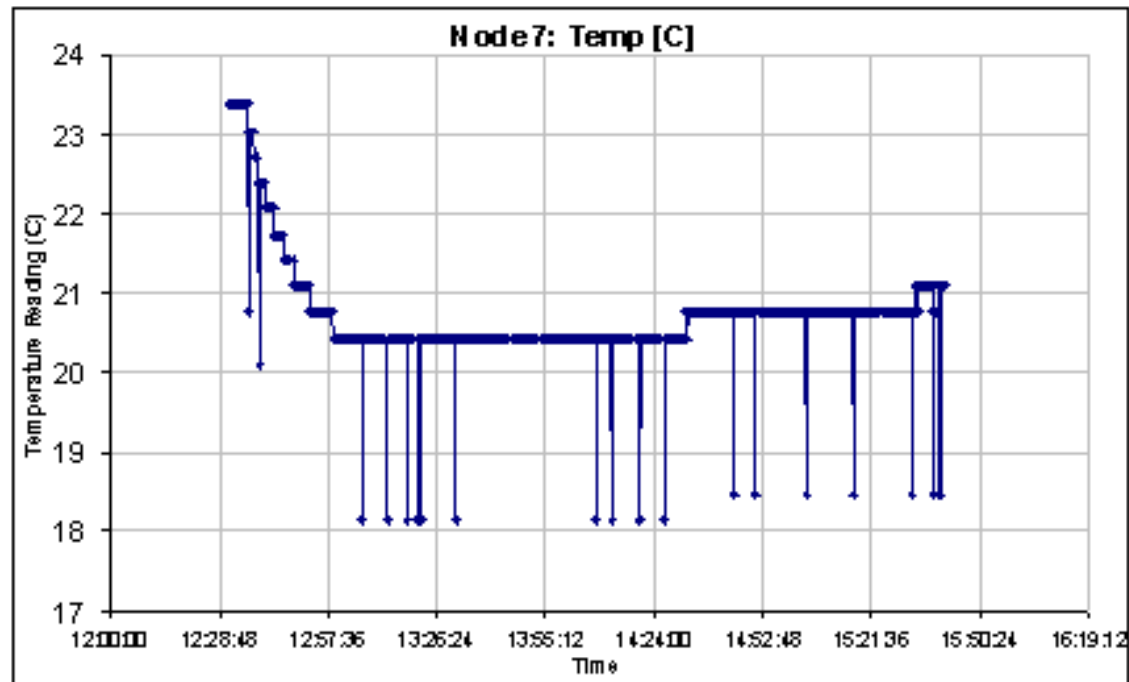


3D radiation pattern using optical fibre

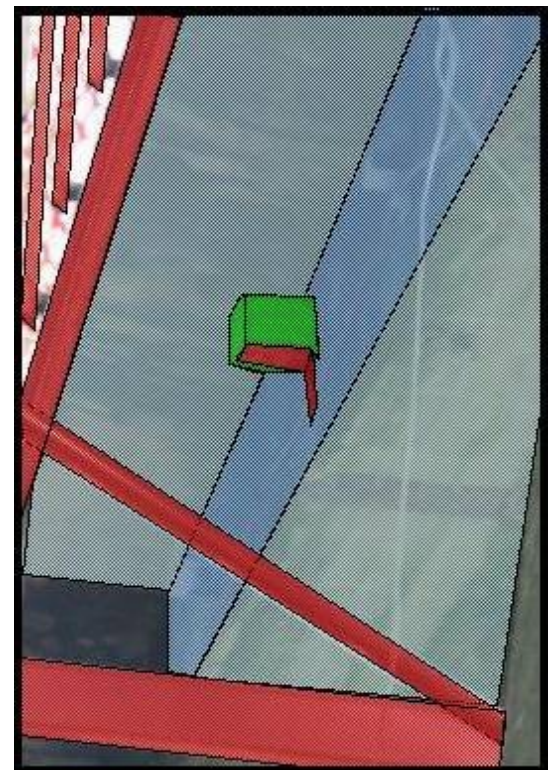
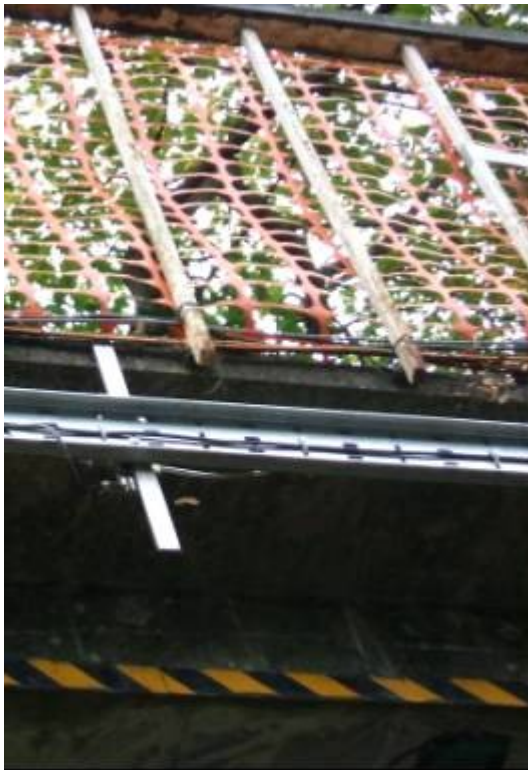
Contact Michael Collett michael.collett@npl.co.uk

Optimal design: shared power supply

Temperature Sensing



Optimal design: harsh environment



Future work

- Assess the performance of real systems already in the field
 - Time synchronisation
 - Scalability
 - Help design new systems
 - Develop good practice
-
- Power is the key
 - Will a stable power supply based on harvesting technologies be the last piece of the puzzle?

Asset Monitoring Centre - new NPL advanced demonstrator



**Environment monitoring:
noise, air, water**



Intelligent structure

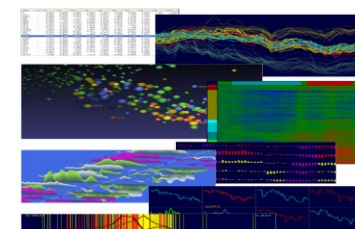
Image based analysis - deformation

Installed sensors - vibration, corrosion



**Satellite telemetry,
Wireless and RF data
transfer**

**Application server
Cloud computing**



**Sensor fusion,
reliability and calibration**

**Data mining
Advanced statistical pattern
recognition**

NPL Centre



Project 2012 subject to co-funding